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PPLICATION NO.	FII	ING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/808,112	0	3/24/2004	Gerardo Melendrez		4554 EXAMINER	
75	90	12/15/2004		EXAM		
Kenneth L. Tolar 808 N. Causeway Blvd.				NGUYEN, CA	NGUYEN, CAMTU TRAN	
Metairie, LA				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
				3743		

DATE MAILED: 12/15/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)					
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	Office Action Summary	10/808,112	MELENDREZ, GERARDO					
	omee Action Gummary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	The MAIL INC DATE of this communication on	Camtu T. Nguyen	th the correspondence address	·				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apports. The mail of the second section apports.	ears on the cover sheet wit	n the correspondence address					
THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl or period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailined patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a re y within the statutory minimum of thirty will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON' , cause the application to become AB	eply be timely filed  y (30) days will be considered timely.  THS from the mailing date of this communicatio  ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ın.				
Status								
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 C	ctober 2004.						
•		action is non-final.						
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposit	ion of Claims							
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) <u>9-26</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra Claim(s) is/are allowed.  Claim(s) <u>9-26</u> is/are rejected.  Claim(s) is/are objected to.  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.						
Applicat	ion Papers							
9)[	The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.						
10)[	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc	epted or b) objected to I	by the Examiner.					
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the							
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	•		d).				
Priority (	under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureation and See the attached detailed Office action for a list	es have been received. Es have been received in A Frity documents have been Fulle 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage					
Attachmer	nt(s)							
2) Notice 3) Infor	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s	Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application (PTO-152) 					

# **DETAILED ACTION**

### Response to Amendment

This Office Action is in response to applicant's amendment filed on October 18, 2004.

Claims 1-8 have been cancelled. Claims 9-26 are newly added. Applicant submitted in the amendment that independent claims 9 and 15 contained limitations indicated as allowable subject matter as indicated in the previous Office Action.

Examiner is regretfully withdrawing claims 3 and 8, indicated in the previous Office Action, as allowable subject matter if rewriting in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The claims, as amended, have been carefully considered but not deemed allowable in view of newly discovered references for the reasons below.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 15, 16, and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Albanes (U.S. Patent No. 5,377,424) in view of Claypool (U.S. Patent No. Design 323,553).

Albanes, as modified above, discloses in Figure 1-5 a body drying system comprising elements as recited in these claims but does not teach the housing (12) is pivotally mounted on an upright

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weighted support stand, as recited. Claypool discloses in Figures 1-7 a heater comprising a weighted support stand that uprightly supports the heater housing comprising elements set forth in these claims. Therefore it would have been obvious to one skilled in art to include the support stand taught by Claypool and apply in the Albanes drying system for the purposes of allowing the housing to be angularly adjusted. With regards to claim 20, The Albanes device illustrates on Figure 1 the apertures (26) on the forwarding face (14) of housing (12) further including horizontal louvers (28) oriented within three rectangular oblong apertures (26). Each set of louvers (28) is pivotally mounted about parallel horizontal axes. Figure 1 further illustrates the dials to the right of each apertures (26) for pivoting the louvers (28) by rotating the dials.

Claims 9, 12 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Albanes (U.S. Patent No. 5,377,424) in view of Hutton et al (U.S. Patent No. 5,825,974).

Albanes discloses in Figure 1-5 a body drying system comprising elements as recited in these claims including a housing (12) having a forwarding face (14), a rearward face (16), a pair of side faces (22), a plurality of apertures (26) positioned on the forwarding face (14) of the housing (12), a blower (46) disposed within the housing (12). Figure 1 illustrates the apertures (26) on the forwarding face (14) of housing (12) further including horizontal louvers (28) oriented within three rectangular oblong apertures (26). Each set of louvers (28) is pivotally mounted about parallel horizontal axes. Figure 1 further illustrates the dials to the right of each apertures (26) for pivoting the louvers (28) by rotating the dials. The Albanes body drying system lacks the teaching of a switch means for sequentially activating a plurality of heaters, as recited. Hutton et al discloses an electrical heating apparatus comprising a fan heater and having at least electrical heating elements. Figure 5 illustrates a schematic diagram showing a variety of fan speeds by

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using a plurality of heating elements wired in series. When the switch (7) is in position 1, the motor (14) is effectively switched off and the heating apparatus function as a pure convector heater. When the switch is in position 2, the motor (14) is in parallel with element (60) and in series with elements (62, 64, 66). This provides the slowest fan speed. When the switch is in position 3, the motor (14) is in parallel with elements (60, 62) and in series with elements (64, 66) which provides a higher fan speed. When the switch is in position 4, the motor (14) is in parallel with elements (60, 62, 64) and in series with element (66) which provides a still higher fan speed. In the final position 5 of switch (7), the motor (14) is connected across the full mains supply to give the fastest speed. Therefore it would have been obvious to one skilled in art to apply the sophisticated switch taught by Hutton et al in the Albanes drying system as such would offer sequentially activating a select one of pluralities of heaters each time the switch means is activated. With regards to the microprocessor, which would be electrically connecting to the heater control switch, this piece of electrical circuit is well known in the art for controlling the operation of the heaters. Therefore it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to utilize it in conjunction with the Hutton et al's switch as such would provide a longer life of the device as well as efficiency of its operation.

Claims 10, 18, and 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Albanes (U.S. Patent No. 5,377,424), as modified above, and further in view of Marino (U.S. Patent No. 5,361,321). Albanes, as modified above, discloses in Figure 1-5 a body drying system comprising elements as recited in these claims but does not teach a gravity actuate safety switch. Marino discloses a portable electrical heater comprising a safety shutoff switch in the form of a switch (31) in the event that the heater unit tips forward. Therefore it would have been

obvious to one skilled in the art to install the safety shutoff switch taught by Marino and connect it to Albanes' body drying system as such would disabling power in the event the heating unit is overturned, thereby providing safety.

Claims 11 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Albanes (U.S. Patent No. 5,377,424), as modified above, and further in view of Shao (U.S. Patent No. 5,239,610). Albanes, as modified above, discloses in Figure 1-5 a body drying system comprising elements as recited in these claims but does not teach the forwarding face is convex. Shao discloses in Figures 1-9 a portable heating unit (21) comprising elements set forth in these claims including a cover (25 having a convex front section (27). Therefore it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to apply the convex front section taught by Shao in the Albanes forwarding face (14) as such would project hot air upwardly, downwardly, and straight ahead.

Claims 21 and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Albanes (U.S. Patent No. 5,377,424) in view of Shao (U.S. Patent No. 5,239,610). Albanes discloses in Figure 1-5 a body drying system comprising elements as recited in these claims including a housing (12) having a forwarding face (14), a rearward face (16), a pair of side faces (22), a plurality of apertures (26) positioned on the forwarding face (14) of the housing (12), a blower (46) disposed within the housing (12), and temperature control switch (58) positioned on the forwarding face (14). The temperature control switch is operatively coupled by lines (60) to the heating element (44) and is for varying heating intensity (column 4 lines 28-68, column 5 lines 1-2 and 21-26). Figure 1 illustrates the apertures (26) on the forwarding face (14) of housing (12) further including horizontal louvers (28) oriented within three rectangular oblong apertures (26). Each set of louvers (28) is pivotally mounted about parallel horizontal axes. Figure 1

further illustrates the dials to the right of each apertures (26) for pivoting the louvers (28) by

rotating the dials. The Albanes lacks the teaching of the forwarding face is convex. Shao

discloses in Figures 1-9 a portable heating unit (21) comprising elements set forth in these claims

including a cover (25 having a convex front section (27). Therefore it would have been obvious

to one skilled in the art to apply the convex front section taught by Shao in the Albanes

forwarding face (14) as such would project hot air upwardly, downwardly, and straight ahead.

Claims 13, 14, 25 and 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Albanes (U.S. Patent No. 5,377,424), as modified above, in view of Claypool (U.S. Patent No. Design 323,553). Albanes, as modified above, discloses in Figure 1-5 a body drying system comprising elements as recited in these claims but does not teach the housing (12) is pivotally mounted on an upright weighted support stand, as recited. Claypool discloses in Figures 1-7 a heater comprising a weighted support stand that uprightly supports the heater housing comprising elements set forth in these claims. Therefore it would have been obvious to one

system for the purposes of allowing the housing to be angularly adjusted.

#### Conclusion

skilled in art to include the support stand taught by Claypool and apply in the Albanes drying

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Camtu T. Nguyen whose telephone number is 703-305-0537. The examiner can normally be reached on (M-F) 8:30-5:00.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Henry A. Bennett can be reached on 703-308-0101. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Camtu Nguyen December 9, 2004

Heaty Bennett
Supervisor Patent Examine